

## **011 Delivering equitable accountability and means of implementation for international forest protection goals**

ACKNOWLEDGING that preserving the ecological integrity of all forest biomes through preventing deforestation and forest degradation is critical to the achievement of biodiversity and climate targets, as well as for human well-being;

RECOGNISING the rights of Indigenous peoples and Local communities over lands, territories, and resources for their cultures, survival and livelihoods;

WELCOMING Decision 16/22 adopted by the Conference of the Parties to the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD) recognising that conserving, protecting and restoring biodiversity and ecosystem integrity is necessary for climate mitigation and adaptation;

ALSO ACKNOWLEDGING the IUCN policy outlining the importance to climate and biodiversity of primary forests in all biomes;

ALSO WELCOMING the first global stocktake under the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (1/CMA.5) emphasising the importance of conserving, protecting and restoring nature and ecosystems to achieving the Paris Agreement temperature goal, including through enhanced efforts to halt and reverse deforestation and forest degradation by 2030;

CONCERNED that the 2024 Forest Declaration Assessment finds that deforestation and degradation rates are trending too high to meet the 2030 goal to halt and reverse deforestation and forest degradation;

RECOGNISING ALSO the need for global consistency in how deforestation and forest degradation are monitored, reported on, and defined, and the need for transparency in forest carbon accounting;

FURTHER NOTING the need to increase financial support for developing countries and indigenous peoples and local communities in delivering forest protection and restoration;

FURTHER WELCOMING the 2023 African Ministerial Conference on the Environment's support for a framework to drive progress and promote greater equity between forest protection standards; and

RECALLING relevant IUCN Resolutions and outcome documents, including Resolution 7.127 *Strengthening the protection of primary and old-growth forests in Europe and facilitating their restoration where possible* (Marseille, 2020), emphasising the importance of the protection of primary and old-growth forests in Europe;

### **The IUCN World Conservation Congress 2025, at its session in Abu Dhabi, United Arab Emirates:**

1. CALLS ON the Director General and relevant IUCN Commissions to conduct an analysis of inequities in definitions, standards and expectations between countries that are relevant to meeting the 2030 forest goals in the first Global Stocktake by the end of 2026;

2. ALSO CALLS ON the Director General and Commissions to provide technical support and to promote and support the design of a forest equity framework;

3. URGES State Members to consider the analysis of inequities in definitions, standards and expectations between countries in the design of a forest equity framework to ensure equitable implementation of the 2030 forest goals that promotes the establishment of:

a. agreed definitions and understandings of terms such as “deforestation” and “forest degradation”, as well as what constitutes “halting” and “reversing” these impacts, derived from the latest scientific understandings, including traditional knowledge, and aligned to relevant frameworks;

b. common criteria and tools for data collection that reflect relevant metrics and indicators and maintain consistency across Conventions, also including the provision of financial support and technology sharing with developing countries; and

c. guidance to align countries' existing reporting obligations with tracking progress toward the 2030 forest targets; and

4. ENCOURAGES IUCN and its Members to promote these objectives and to actively support rapid establishment of a forest equity framework once adopted.